NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND FOREIGN LANGUAGE LEARNING:
TRANSFORMING LANGUAGE EDUCATION

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Abstract. This article explores the transformative impact of new technologies on foreign language learning and its implications for language education. With the rise of globalization, proficiency in multiple languages has become increasingly valuable. The advent of online language learning platforms, virtual reality and augmented reality technologies, mobile applications, and language exchange communities has revolutionized language education. These technologies offer learners convenient access to resources, personalized instruction, immersive experiences, and opportunities for real-world practice. However, challenges such as the digital divide and the need for human interaction in language learning must be addressed. Looking to the future, the integration of artificial intelligence and machine learning holds great potential for further advancements in language education, fostering a world where language barriers are effortlessly overcome.

Key words: technology, language learning, proficiency, benefits, applications.

Rezumat. Articol explorează impactul transformator al noilor tehnologii asupra învățării limbilor străine și implicațiile acestui impact în educația lingvistică. Odată cu extinderea globalizării, cunoașterea mai multor limbi străine devine din ce în ce mai apreciată și necesară. Apariția platformelor online de învățare a limbilor străine, a tehnologiilor de realitate virtuală și de realitate amplificată, a aplicațiilor mobile și a comunităților de schimb lingvistic a revoluționat educația lingvistică. Aceste tehnologii oferă studenților acces mai ușor și extrem de rapid la diverse resurse, instruire personalizată, experiențe immersive și oportunități de practică în lumea reală. Cu toate acestea, este necesar să se abordeze și anumite provocări precum decalajul digital și necesitatea interacțiunii umane în învățarea limbilor străine. Privind spre viitor, integrarea inteligenței artificiale și a învățării automate are un mare potențial pentru noi progrese în educația lingvistică, favorizând o lume în care barierele lingvistice sunt depășite fără efort.

Cuvinte-cheie: tehnologie, învățarea limbilor străine, competență, beneficii, aplicații.
1. Introduction

In our increasingly interconnected and globalized world, the ability to communicate effectively in foreign languages has become essential. As societies become more diverse and interconnected, proficiency in multiple languages opens doors to new opportunities and enriches personal and professional experiences. With the rapid advancement of technology, foreign language learning has undergone a significant transformation, revolutionizing traditional teaching methods and empowering learners in unprecedented ways. This article explores the impact of new technologies on foreign language learning and their role in transforming language education.

Traditionally, language learning was confined to classrooms, textbooks, and audio tapes. However, the emergence of new technologies has revolutionized the way languages are taught and learned. These technologies offer learners a wide range of interactive and engaging tools, personalized learning experiences, and opportunities for authentic language practice [1]. As a result, learners can now access language learning resources anytime, anywhere, and at their own pace.

Online language learning platforms have emerged as a powerful tool in language education. Websites and applications like Duolingo, Babbel, and Rosetta Stone provide learners with interactive lessons, gamified exercises, and personalized feedback. These platforms often utilize artificial intelligence algorithms to adapt to learners’ needs, track their progress, and provide targeted instruction. Learners can engage with various language learning activities, such as vocabulary building, grammar practice, and listening comprehension, all through the convenience of their digital devices [2].

Moreover, the integration of virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) technologies has transformed language learning into immersive and experiential experiences. VR headsets transport learners to virtual environments where they can interact with native speakers, explore cultural landmarks, and engage in realistic conversations. AR applications overlay digital information, such as translations or subtitles, onto the physical world, enabling learners to practice language skills in real-world contexts. These technologies enhance learners’ engagement, retention, and overall language acquisition.

The ubiquity of smartphones and mobile applications has further revolutionized language learning. Mobile language learning applications offer a wide range of features, including vocabulary flashcards, pronunciation guides, grammar exercises, and access to audio and video content. Learners can conveniently practice language skills on-the-go, leveraging the multimedia capabilities of their smartphones. Additionally, language translation apps and voice recognition software facilitate communication and language use in real-life situations, overcoming language barriers and fostering language proficiency.

New technologies have also given rise to online language communities and tandem learning opportunities. Language exchange platforms like Tandem, HelloTalk, and iTalki connect learners with native speakers of their target language for conversation practice. Learners can engage in authentic conversations, receive feedback, and learn about different cultures. These virtual language exchanges provide a dynamic and supportive environment for language learning, promoting peer-to-peer learning and intercultural communication.

While new technologies have transformed foreign language learning, challenges remain. Disparities in access to technology and reliable internet connectivity create a digital divide, limiting equal opportunities for language learners [3]. Furthermore, the need for human interaction, guidance, and cultural immersion in language education should not be
overlooked. Striking a balance between technology and human instruction is crucial for effective language learning.

Looking ahead, the future of language education lies in the integration of artificial intelligence and machine learning. Artificial intelligence-powered chatbots and virtual language tutors have the potential to provide personalized feedback, adaptive instruction, and intelligent language assessment. Advancements in natural language processing and voice recognition will further enhance language learning tools, making them more accurate and responsive to learners' needs.

2. Materials and Methods

Our pedagogical experience was the main basis for writing this article, mostly. Additionally, our work at a Technical University made an indispensable contribution. Thus, following the latest technological trends in the teaching-learning process is imperative and is a necessary for us due to this imposition.

Accepting the importance of classical material and methods used in writing the article is inevitable if we are to refer to them. Those sources and methods utilized by us should be confirmed and valued greatly.

Therefore, the methods utilized in shaping the very work were as listed:

- The most important and spread method in any scientific writing is unquestionably the literature review. We conducted a comprehensive review of existing literature and research on the impact of new technologies on foreign language learning. This includes academic articles, books, reports, and other relevant sources.

- Data Collection was the next step in organizing the article. We tried to gather the newest data from language learning platforms, VR/AR technologies, mobile applications, and language exchange platforms. That involved analyzing users' feedback, conducting surveys, and using existing research data [4].

- The Case Study for us was, if we can put it that way, the easiest compartment, due to the fact that we work at the Technical University and we monitor and use those new trends that appear in this particular field. Consequently, we examined specific language learning platforms, VR/AR applications, and mobile language learning apps to assess their effectiveness in improving language proficiency and user experience. That involved collecting data from user experiences, conducting interviews, or analyzing user performance data.

- There was done a deep and thorough Comparative Analysis. We compared the effectiveness of different new technologies in language learning, such as online platforms versus traditional classroom instruction, VR/AR versus traditional learning materials, or mobile language learning apps versus traditional language learning resources.

- Another step was the Expert Interviews. We conducted interviews with colleagues from our University, the Department of Foreign Languages, who are language educators and could be considered experts in language learning technologies, also our students, who are experienced in using new technologies for language learning. Also, we discussed the ethical implications of using new technologies in language learning, such as privacy concerns, data security, and access to technology for disadvantaged learners. All these constituents provided insights into the advantages, challenges, and future directions of incorporating new technologies in language education.
3. Online Language Learning Platforms

Online language learning platforms play a pivotal role in the transformation of language education through the integration of new technologies. These platforms provide learners with convenient access to a wide range of resources, interactive lessons, and language exchange opportunities [5]. By leveraging technology, they enhance the learning experience and offer personalized instruction tailored to individual learners’ needs.

Online language learning platforms have revolutionized foreign language learning, providing learners with accessible, flexible, and personalized language education experiences. These platforms harness the power of new technologies to create engaging and interactive learning environments. The best examples of Online Language Learning Platforms that deserve to be mentioned are: Duolingo, the service that uses an engaging game-like structure and offers 23 languages through almost a hundred different courses. Next platform is Busuu that allows users to interact with native speakers. Busuu currently offers 12 languages to be explored and experienced. Another valuable platform is Memrise. This online British platform is based on evidence that people learn faster with mnemonic flashcards. It also allows learners to practice human-like conversations, which Memrise believe can help learners to overcome the “confidence gap” in language acquisition. Memrise offers user-generated content on a wide range of subjects and has courses in 16 languages. One of the original Online Language Learning Platform is Babbel. It has ranked as the world Number 1 innovator in education. Babbel offers 14 languages and courses designed to improve the vocabulary and grammar skills. Its method is based on tested strategies, new research, and real-world dialogues [6]. The list is limitless. Each online platform has its own benefits, its attractive part for the “proper client” and offers personalized learning experiences, adaptive exercises, and gamified approaches to engage learners effectively. Moreover, these platforms often incorporate artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms, providing instant feedback and progress tracking, further enhancing the learning experience. But then again, definitely, all of them have those common key aspects of online language learning platforms in the context of foreign language learning that could be ranked as follows:

- Accessibility and Convenience: Online language learning platforms break down geographical barriers, allowing learners from around the world to access language courses and resources at any time and from anywhere with an internet connection. Learners have the flexibility to study at their own pace and fit language learning into their busy schedules.
- Comprehensive Language Resources: These platforms offer a wide range of resources, including interactive lessons, vocabulary exercises, grammar explanations, audio and video materials, and practice quizzes. Learners can access a wealth of content that covers various language skills, from reading and writing to listening and speaking.
- Adaptive and Personalized Learning: Online language learning platforms often employ adaptive learning technologies that use data and algorithms to tailor the learning experience to individual learners. They assess learners' strengths, weaknesses, and progress, and adjust the content and exercises accordingly, providing personalized instruction and targeted practice [7].
- Gamification and Interactivity: Many platforms incorporate gamified elements and interactive features to make language learning enjoyable and engaging [8]. They use
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Game-like structures, rewards, and challenges to motivate learners and enhance their learning experience. Interactive exercises, quizzes, and real-life simulations promote active learning and practical application of language skills.

- Multimedia and Authentic Content: Online platforms utilize multimedia resources, such as audio recordings, videos, and interactive visuals, to expose learners to authentic language use and cultural context. This helps learners develop their listening comprehension, pronunciation, and cultural awareness.

- Social Learning and Language Exchange: Some platforms incorporate social learning components, enabling learners to connect with peers, join language communities, and engage in language exchange activities. Learners can interact with native speakers or fellow learners, practice conversation skills, receive feedback, and gain cultural insights.

- Progress Tracking and Assessment: Online language learning platforms often provide tools for learners to track their progress, set goals, and assess their language proficiency. They offer self-assessment tests, quizzes, and performance metrics to measure learners' knowledge and progress over time.

- Mobile Applications: Many online language learning platforms offer mobile applications, allowing learners to continue their language learning on smartphones and tablets. Mobile apps provide on-the-go access to lessons, practice exercises, and language resources, making language learning more convenient and accessible.

Online language learning platforms have transformed the way foreign languages are taught and learned, making language education more accessible, engaging, and learner-centric. Their incorporation of new technologies offers learners unprecedented opportunities for language acquisition, personalized instruction, and cultural immersion [9]. As these platforms continue to evolve and innovate, they are likely to play an increasingly prominent role in foreign language learning worldwide.

3.1. Online Language Communities and Tandem Learning

Online language communities and tandem learning platforms have emerged as valuable resources for foreign language learners, complementing traditional language learning methods. These platforms provide opportunities for language practice, cultural exchange, and interaction with native speakers and fellow learners from around the world. Some key aspects of online language communities and tandem learning are:

- Language Practice: Online language communities and tandem learning platforms offer a space for learners to practice their target language in a supportive and immersive environment. Learners can engage in conversations, exchange messages, and participate in language-related activities to improve their speaking, listening, reading, and writing skills [10].

- Cultural Exchange: These platforms facilitate cultural exchange between learners and native speakers. Through conversations and interactions, learners gain insights into different cultures, customs, and perspectives, enhancing their understanding of the target language and its cultural context.

- Language Exchange Partners: Online language communities connect learners with native speakers who are seeking to learn their native language. This creates an opportunity for mutual language exchange, where learners can practice their target language with native speakers while assisting them in learning their own language.
This reciprocal arrangement fosters a supportive learning environment and encourages intercultural connections.

- **Authentic Communication**: Interacting with native speakers through online language communities allows learners to engage in authentic communication. They can practice real-life conversations, learn idiomatic expressions, and gain confidence in using the language in natural contexts.

- **Feedback and Corrections**: Learners can receive feedback and corrections on their language use from native speakers and more advanced learners within the online community. This feedback helps learners improve their language accuracy, pronunciation, and fluency.[11]

- **Flexible Learning**: Online language communities and tandem learning platforms offer flexibility in terms of time and location. Learners can connect with language partners from different time zones, allowing them to practice their target language at their convenience. This flexibility accommodates learners’ varying schedules and facilitates regular language practice.

- **Virtual Language Exchanges**: In addition to one-on-one language exchanges, some platforms facilitate group language exchanges or virtual language meetups. These events provide opportunities for learners to practice their language skills with multiple participants and engage in group discussions or activities.

- **Supportive Community**: Online language communities often foster a sense of community and support among learners. Participants can share resources, ask questions, seek advice, and celebrate their language learning milestones together. This sense of community encourages motivation, accountability, and continuous learning.

Online language communities and tandem learning platforms supplement formal language instruction by providing learners with real-world language practice, cultural immersion, and supportive connections with native speakers. These platforms enable learners to actively engage in language learning beyond the confines of a classroom, enhancing their language proficiency, confidence, and intercultural competence.

New technologies have fostered the growth of online language communities, connecting learners from different parts of the world. Websites and platforms dedicated to language exchange, such as Tandem, HelloTalk, and iTalki, enable learners to connect with native speakers of their target language for conversation practice. These virtual language exchanges promote cultural exchange, authentic language use, and peer-to-peer learning, providing a dynamic and supportive learning environment.

### 3.2. Mobile Applications and Language Learning Tools

The ubiquity of smartphones has led to the proliferation of language learning applications tailored for mobile devices. These apps offer a wide range of features, including vocabulary flashcards, pronunciation guides, grammar exercises, and language practice through audio and video content [12]. Furthermore, language learning tools like language translation apps and voice recognition software facilitate communication in real-world situations, enabling learners to overcome language barriers effortlessly. Virtual Assistants like Siri, Alexa and Google virtual assistants - all implement voice recognition software to interact with users. [13]. The best Translation Apps for Language Learners in 2023 are considered Google Translate - best generally and globally; DeepL Translate - best
Virtual Reality (VR) and Augmented Reality (AR) technologies have brought about immersive language learning experiences. VR headsets allow learners to virtually immerse themselves in foreign language environments, where they can interact with native speakers, explore cultural landmarks, and practice real-life conversations. AR applications, on the other hand, enhance language learning by overlaying digital information, such as translations or subtitles, onto the physical world. These technologies create a sense of presence and make language acquisition more engaging and memorable [14].

Let us try to explain how do these technologies work in Language learning: Imagine learning Spanish while strolling through a virtual Barcelona marketplace, or ordering coffee in French at a Parisian Cafe from your living room. VR and AR are revolutionizing language learning by creating immersive experiences that transport you to the heart of the target language.

VR plunges you into simulated environments, like bustling foreign streets or historical landmarks. You can interact with virtual characters, practice conversations, and navigate situations you might encounter in real life.

AR overlays digital elements onto your real world, like translating signs on the fly or placing virtual flashcards on your furniture. This gamifies learning and makes it more applicable to everyday life.

It is quite a good idea to include here some of the benefits of VR/AR language learning. One great benefit is the increased engagement and motivation - VR/AR makes learning fun and interactive, boosting your desire to practice. Improved speaking and listening skills are also very important and could be treated as benefits. Immersive environments encourage you to use the language actively, not just passively absorb it. Enhanced cultural understanding is another constituent. VR/AR lets you experience the target culture firsthand, building deeper connections with the language.

While VR/AR offer exciting possibilities, they are still evolving. Costs and technical limitations can be barriers. However, as technology advances, VR/AR are poised to become powerful tools for democratizing language learning and making it accessible and engaging for everyone [15].

3.3. Challenges and Future Perspectives

While new technologies offer numerous advantages for foreign language learning, there are challenges that need to be addressed. The digital divide, access to reliable internet connectivity, and technological infrastructure disparities pose barriers to equal opportunities for language learners [16]. Additionally, the need for human interaction and personalized guidance remains essential in language education, and striking the right balance between technology and human instruction is crucial.

Looking ahead, the future of language learning lies in the integration of artificial intelligence and machine learning. AI-powered chatbots and virtual language tutors have the potential to provide personalized feedback, adaptive instruction, and intelligent language assessment [14-17]. Furthermore, advancements in natural language processing and voice recognition will continue to enhance language learning tools, making them more accurate and responsive.
4. Conclusions

The transformative impact of new technologies on foreign language learning has been nothing short of revolutionary, reshaping the very fabric of language education. Gone are the rigid confines of traditional classrooms, replaced by a dynamic and interactive landscape where learners are empowered to chart their own course. This shift is undeniable, driven by a wave of innovation that has democratized access, personalized experiences, and ignited engagement in ways unimaginable just a few decades ago.

Online language platforms have shattered geographical barriers, offering a smorgasbord of resources and instruction reachable from any corner of the globe. Learners can now tailor their learning journeys, choosing from diverse courses, interactive exercises, and immersive simulations. Adaptive learning algorithms, powered by advancements in natural language processing and voice recognition, further refine this experience, catering to individual needs and optimizing the learning path for maximum efficiency and progress. Mobile applications have transformed learning into bite-sized, on-the-go experiences, seamlessly integrating language practice into everyday life. Virtual reality technologies, meanwhile, transport learners to the heart of foreign cultures, fostering deeper cultural understanding and authentic communication practice.

This democratization extends beyond access. Language exchange communities built on digital platforms connect learners with native speakers worldwide, fostering real-time conversations and cultural immersion. Online forums and collaborative learning platforms provide invaluable peer support and feedback, creating a vibrant and supportive learning ecosystem. These technologies empower learners to take ownership of their language journey, fostering autonomy, motivation, and a sense of community that transcends geographical borders.

However, challenges remain. The digital divide presents a hurdle for some, highlighting the need for equitable access to technology and broadband infrastructure. Additionally, the crucial role of human interaction in language learning must not be overlooked. While technology offers unparalleled tools and resources, the warmth, nuance, and cultural context often best conveyed by human interaction remain irreplaceable.

Looking ahead, the integration of artificial intelligence and machine learning holds immense potential. AI-powered tutors and personalized learning assistants can offer real-time feedback, diagnose learning gaps, and adapt instruction to individual needs with unprecedented precision. This, coupled with the continued development of immersive virtual and augmented reality experiences, paints a picture of a future where language learning is not just accessible and engaging, but truly transformative.

Summing up what was described we could mention once more that the transformative impact of new technologies on foreign language learning is a story still unfolding. From democratizing access and personalizing experiences to fostering immersive cultural understanding, these advancements have propelled us into a new era of language education. As we embrace the potential of AI and remain mindful of the human element, we pave the way for a future where language barriers crumble and the world speaks in a chorus of shared understanding. The journey has just begun, and the possibilities are as boundless as the languages themselves.

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.
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